# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying parent company only financial statements of Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the independent auditors' responsibilities for the audit of Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit

matters for the parent company only financial statements in the current period are stated as follow:

#### Accuracy of revenue recognition timing

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4 (25) for accounting policies on revenue recognition and Note 6 (17) for details of operating revenue. The Company is primarily engaged in the R&D, manufacturing, and sales of access network equipment, transmission equipment and broadband equipment under its own brand in domestic and overseas markets. Its business mode is mainly based on bidding for projects.

The main revenue for the Company is from bidding for projects. As customers need to perform compatibility testing with related connected equipment after the products were delivered, some bidding projects have acceptance criteria. Due to the acceptance schedule would be affected by construction progress, revenue recognition is based on customer's confirmation for acceptance. Since the transferred timing of the control of goods ownerships and fulfill of the obligations of contract are subject to many manual processes and the result could affect sales revenue significantly in the consolidated financial statement. Thus, the accuracy of revenue recognition timing on bidding project has been identified a key audit matter.

#### **How our audit addressed the matter:**

In relation to the key audit matter above, we performed following audit procedures:

- 1. Understand, evaluate and test the effectiveness of the design and implementation of internal control procedures for revenue recognition.
- 2. Obtain the sales revenue statement of the bidding projects, verify the completeness of the statement, and we also sampling and inspecting on the obtained document of customer acceptance and the transfer of product control for revenue recognition.
- 3. Perform cut-off tests for certain period before and after the balance sheet date, confirm revenue recognition in the appropriate period.

#### Allowance for inventory evaluation losses

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4 (12) for accounting policies on inventories evaluation, Note 5 (2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions for inventory evaluation losses, and Note 6 (5) for the details of inventories. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation

losses amounted to NT\$228,434 thousand and NT\$14,941 thousand, respectively.

The Company is primarily engaged in manufactures and sales of access network equipment, transmission equipment and broadband equipment. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value and an allowance for inventory evaluation losses is provided for those inventories exceeded specific age and those individually identified as obsolete or damaged. As the amount of inventories is significant, the vary types of inventories, and the estimation of net realizable value for individually obsolete or damaged inventories are subject to management's judgement which existed uncertainty, we considered the allowance for inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

#### **How our audit addressed the matter:**

We confirmed that the provision policy for inventory evaluation loss during the financial reporting period was consistently adopted and the provision policy was reasonable. For the statement of obsolete or damaged inventories that was identified by the management, we performed following audit procedures:

- 1. Verified the accuracy of system logic that generates the inventory aging report to ensure proper classification of inventories aged.
- 2. Evaluated the reasonableness and related supporting documents of inventories individually identified as obsolete or damaged by management.
- 3. Discussed with management and obtained supporting documents on the evaluation report of net realizable value for inventory that was identified as obsolete or damaged.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Independent Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report

to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 17, 2023

The accompanying parent financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|      |  |            | D  | ecember 31, 20 | 22  | December 31, 2021 |         |     |  |
|------|--|------------|----|----------------|-----|-------------------|---------|-----|--|
|      | Assets   |            |    | MOUNT          | %   | Al                | MOUNT   | %   |  |
| •    | Current assets                                   |            |    |                |     |                   |         |     |  |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents                        | 6(1)       | \$ | 232,255        | 27  | \$                | 86,043  | 10  |  |
| 1136 | Financial assets at amortized cost - current     | 6(3) and 8 |    | 172,780        | 20  |                   | 277,238 | 33  |  |
| 1140 | Contract assets - current                        | 6(17)      |    | 42             | -   |                   | 762     | -   |  |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable, net                         | 6(4)       |    | 105,655        | 12  |                   | 150,187 | 18  |  |
| 1180 | Accounts receivable - related parties, net       | 6(4) and 7 |    | 2,191          | -   |                   | 983     | -   |  |
| 1200 | Other receivables                                |            |    | 433            | -   |                   | 23      | -   |  |
| 1210 | Other receivables - related parties              | 7          |    | 100            | -   |                   | 3,369   | -   |  |
| 1220 | Current tax assets                               |            |    | -              | -   |                   | 64      | -   |  |
| 130X | Inventories, net                                 | 6(5)       |    | 213,493        | 24  |                   | 247,756 | 29  |  |
| 1410 | Prepayments                                      |            |    | 16,952         | 2   |                   | 18,437  | 2   |  |
| 1470 | Other current assets                             |            |    | 41             |     |                   | 44      |     |  |
| 11XX | Current Assets                                   |            |    | 743,942        | 85  |                   | 784,906 | 92  |  |
| I    | Non-current assets                               |            |    |                |     |                   |         |     |  |
| 1535 | Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current | 6(3) and 8 |    | 60,134         | 7   |                   | 19,137  | 2   |  |
| 1550 | Investments accounted for using equity method    | 6(6)       |    | 37,570         | 4   |                   | 32,824  | 4   |  |
| 1600 | Property, plant and equipment, net               | 6(7)       |    | 2,935          | -   |                   | 3,214   | 1   |  |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets                              | 6(8)       |    | 15,126         | 2   |                   | 1,347   | -   |  |
| 1780 | Intangible assets, net                           |            |    | 326            | -   |                   | 143     | -   |  |
| 1840 | Deferred income tax assets                       | 6(24)      |    | 7,218          | 1   |                   | 6,360   | 1   |  |
| 1920 | Refundable deposits                              |            |    | 3,579          | 1   |                   | 2,944   |     |  |
| 15XX | Non-current assets                               |            |    | 126,888        | 15  |                   | 65,969  | 8   |  |
| 1XXX | Total assets                                     |            | \$ | 870,830        | 100 | \$                | 850,875 | 100 |  |

(Continued)

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|      |   |       |    | December 31, 2022 |   |     | December 31, 2021 |         |      |  |
|------|---|-------|----|-------------------|---|-----|-------------------|---------|------|--|
|      | Liabilities and Equity                          | Notes | A  | MOUNT             |   | %   |                   | AMOUNT  |      |  |
|      | Current liabilities                             |       |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 2130 | Contract liabilities-current                    | 6(17) | \$ | 10,295            |   | 1   | \$                | 9,885   | 1    |  |
| 2170 | Accounts payable                                |       |    | 85,010            |   | 10  |                   | 76,484  | 9    |  |
| 2200 | Other payables                                  | 6(9)  |    | 31,170            |   | 4   |                   | 37,105  | 5    |  |
| 2230 | Current income tax liabilities                  | 6(24) |    | 6,441             |   | 1   |                   | 531     | -    |  |
| 2250 | Provisions for liabilities-current              | 6(11) |    | 12,887            |   | 1   |                   | -       | -    |  |
| 2280 | Lease liabilities-current                       |       |    | 7,703             |   | 1   |                   | 775     | -    |  |
| 2300 | Other current liabilities                       |       |    | 709               |   |     |                   | 633     |      |  |
| 21XX | <b>Current Liabilities</b>                      |       |    | 154,215           |   | 18  |                   | 125,413 | 15   |  |
|      | Non-current liabilities                         |       |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 2550 | Provisions for liabilities-non-current          | 6(11) |    | 10,392            |   | 1   |                   | 6,655   | 1    |  |
| 2570 | Deferred income tax liabilities                 | 6(24) |    | 2,140             |   | -   |                   | -       | -    |  |
| 2580 | Lease liabilities-non-current                   |       |    | 7,582             |   | 1   |                   | 606     | -    |  |
| 2600 | Other non-current liabilities                   | 6(10) |    | 658               |   |     |                   | 658     |      |  |
| 25XX | Non-current liabilities                         |       |    | 20,772            |   | 2   |                   | 7,919   | 1    |  |
| 2XXX | Total Liabilities                               |       |    | 174,987           |   | 20  |                   | 133,332 | 16   |  |
|      | Equity  |       |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| ;    | Share capital                                   | 6(13) |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 3110 | Share capital - common stock                    |       |    | 628,737           |   | 72  |                   | 628,737 | 74   |  |
| (    | Capital surplus                                 | 6(14) |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 3200 | Capital surplus                                 |       |    | 472               |   | -   |                   | 79      | -    |  |
|      | Retained earnings                               | 6(15) |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 3310 | Legal reserve                                   |       |    | 11,640            |   | 1   |                   | 3,660   | -    |  |
| 3320 | Special reserve                                 |       |    | 9,570             |   | 1   |                   | 9,570   | 1    |  |
| 3350 | Unappropriated retained earnings                |       |    | 60,441            |   | 7   |                   | 90,514  | 11   |  |
|      | Other equity interest                           | 6(16) |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 3400 | Other equity interest                           |       | (  | 9,570)            | ( | 1)  | (                 | 9,570)  | ( 1) |  |
| 3500 | Treasury share                                  | 6(13) | (  | 5,447)            | _ |     | (                 | 5,447)  | (1)  |  |
| 3XXX | Total equity                                    |       |    | 695,843           | _ | 80  |                   | 717,543 | 84   |  |
| :    | Significant contingent liabilities and          | 9     |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
|      | unrecognized contract commitments               |       |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| ;    | Significant events after the balance sheet date | 11    |    |                   |   |     |                   |         |      |  |
| 3X2X | Total liabilities and equity                    |       | \$ | 870,830           | _ | 100 | \$                | 850,875 | 100  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

|      |  |              | Years ended December 31 |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
|------|--|--------------|-------------------------|-------------|------|-----|-------------|------|--|--|
|      |  |              |                         | 2022        |      |     | 2021        |      |  |  |
|      | Items  | Notes        |                         | AMOUNT      | %    |     | AMOUNT      | %    |  |  |
| 4000 | Operating revenue                                      | 6(17) and 7  | \$                      | 472,601     | 100  | \$  | 415,757     | 100  |  |  |
| 5000 | Operating costs  | 6(5)(22)(23) | (                       | 331,573 ) ( | 70   | (   | 227,841 ) ( | 55)  |  |  |
| 5900 | Operating margin                                       |              |                         | 141,028     | 30   |     | 187,916     | 45   |  |  |
|      | Operating expenses                                     | 6(22)(23)    |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
| 6100 | Selling expenses                                       |              | (                       | 19,382 ) (  | 4)   | ) ( | 18,798 ) (  | 4)   |  |  |
| 6200 | General and administrative expenses                    |              | (                       | 28,595 ) (  | 6)   | ) ( | 28,713 ) (  | 7)   |  |  |
| 6300 | Research and development expenses                      |              | (                       | 60,869 ) (  | 13)  | ) ( | 62,253 ) (  | 15)  |  |  |
| 6450 | Expected credit impairment loss                        | 12(2)        |                         | <u> </u>    |      | (   | 4,088 ) (   | 1)   |  |  |
| 6000 | Total operating expenses                               |              | (                       | 108,846 ) ( | 23   | (_  | 113,852)(   | 27)  |  |  |
| 6900 | Operating profit                                       |              |                         | 32,182      | 7    |     | 74,064      | 18   |  |  |
|      | Non-operating income and expenses                      |              |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
| 7100 | Interest income  | 6(18) and 7  |                         | 3,848       | 1    |     | 2,819       | 1    |  |  |
| 7010 | Other income   | 6(19) and 7  |                         | 2,498       | -    |     | 18,548      | 4    |  |  |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses                                 | 6(20)        |                         | 12,027      | 2    | (   | 676)        | -    |  |  |
| 7050 | Finance costs  | 6(21)        | (                       | 737 )       | -    | (   | 484)        | -    |  |  |
| 7070 | Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint  | 6(6)         |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
|      | ventures accounted for under equity method             |              | (_                      | 1,260)      |      |     | 593         |      |  |  |
| 7000 | Total non-operating income and expenses                |              |                         | 16,376      | 3    |     | 20,800      | 5    |  |  |
| 7900 | Profit before tax                                      |              |                         | 48,558      | 10   |     | 94,864      | 23   |  |  |
| 7950 | Income tax expense                                     | 6(24)        | (                       | 7,704)(     | 1    | (_  | 14,988 ) (  | 4)   |  |  |
| 8200 | Profit for the year                                    |              | \$                      | 40,854      | 9    | \$  | 79,876      | 19   |  |  |
|      | Other comprehensive income for the year                |              |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
|      | Components of other comprehensive income that will not |              |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
|      | be reclassified to profit or loss                      |              |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
| 8311 | Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation            | 6(10)        | ( \$                    | 73 )        |      | (\$ | 72)         |      |  |  |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year         |              | ( \$                    | 73 )        |      | (\$ | 72)         |      |  |  |
| 8500 | Total comprehensive income for the year                |              | \$                      | 40,781      | 9    | \$  | 79,804      | 19   |  |  |
|      | Earnings per share                                     |              |                         |             |      |     |             |      |  |  |
| 9750 | Basic earnings per share                               | 6(25)        | \$                      |             | 0.65 | \$  |             | 1.28 |  |  |
| 9850 | Diluted earnings per share                             | 6(25)        | \$                      |             | 0.65 | \$  |             | 1.27 |  |  |

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|  |       |                           |                    |          |            | Retair | ned Earnin       | gs |                                  |      |   |  |     |                   |    |            |
|--|-------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------|--------|------------------|----|----------------------------------|------|---|--|-----|-------------------|----|------------|
|  | Notes | re capital -<br>mon stock | Capital<br>surplus | Lega     | ıl reserve |        | pecial<br>eserve | re | propriated<br>etained<br>arnings | (los | nrealize<br>ss) on fi<br>ets at fai<br>hrough o<br>omprehe<br>incom | nancial<br>ir value<br>other<br>ensive | Т   | Freasury<br>share | To | tal equity |
| For the year ended December 31, 2021                               |       |                           |                    |          |            |        |                  |    |                                  |      |   |  |     |                   |    |            |
| Balance at January 1, 2021   |       | \$<br>628,737             | \$<br>79           | \$       | 2,470      | \$     | 9,570            | \$ | 11,900                           | (    | \$  | 9,570)                                 | (\$ | 5,447)            | \$ | 637,739    |
| Profit for the year  |       | -                         | -                  |          | -          |        | -                |    | 79,876                           |      |   | -                                      |     | -                 |    | 79,876     |
| Other comprehensive income for the year                            | 6(10) | <br>_                     | <br>               |          | _          |        |                  | (  | 72)                              |      |   |  |     | _                 | (  | 72)        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                            |       |                           | <br>_              |          |            |        |                  |    | 79,804                           |      |   |  |     |                   |    | 79,804     |
| Distribution of 2020 earnings:                                     | 6(15) |                           |                    |          |            |        |                  |    |                                  |      |   |  |     |                   |    |            |
| Legal reserve  |       |                           | <br>_              |          | 1,190      |        |                  | (  | 1,190)                           |      |   |  |     |                   |    | <u>-</u>   |
| Balance at December 31, 2021                                       |       | \$<br>628,737             | \$<br>79           | \$       | 3,660      | \$     | 9,570            | \$ | 90,514                           | (    | \$  | 9,570)                                 | (\$ | 5,447)            | \$ | 717,543    |
| For the year ended December 31, 2022                               |       |                           |                    |          |            |        |                  |    |                                  |      |   |  |     |                   |    |            |
| Balance at January 1, 2022   |       | \$<br>628,737             | \$<br>79           | \$       | 3,660      | \$     | 9,570            | \$ | 90,514                           | (    | \$  | 9,570)                                 | (\$ | 5,447)            | \$ | 717,543    |
| Profit for the year  |       | -                         | -                  |          | -          |        | -                |    | 40,854                           |      |   | -                                      |     | -                 |    | 40,854     |
| Other comprehensive income for the year                            | 6(10) | -                         | -                  |          | -          |        | -                | (  | 73)                              |      |   | -                                      |     | -                 | (  | 73 )       |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                            |       | _                         | _                  | <u> </u> | _          |        | _                |    | 40,781                           |      |   | _                                      |     |                   |    | 40,781     |
| Distribution of 2021 earnings:                                     | 6(15) |                           |                    |          |            |        |                  |    |                                  |      |   |  |     |                   |    |            |
| Legal reserve  |       | -                         | -                  |          | 7,980      |        | -                | (  | 7,980)                           |      |   | -                                      |     | -                 |    | -          |
| Cash dividends   |       | -                         | -                  |          | -          |        | -                | (  | 62,874)                          |      |   | -                                      |     | _                 | (  | 62,874)    |
| Distribution of dividends to subsidiaries adjusted capital surplus | 6(14) | <br><u>-</u>              | <br>393            |          | <u>-</u>   |        | _                |    | <u>-</u>                         |      |   |  |     |                   |    | 393        |
| Balance at December 31, 2022                                       |       | \$<br>628,737             | \$<br>472          | \$       | 11,640     | \$     | 9,570            | \$ | 60,441                           | (    | \$  | 9,570)                                 | (\$ | 5,447)            | \$ | 695,843    |

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|   |            |    | Years ended | December 31 |         |  |  |
|---|------------|----|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
|   | Notes      |    | 2022        |             | 2021    |  |  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                  |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Profit before tax for the year  |            | \$ | 48,558      | \$          | 94,864  |  |  |
| Adjustments   |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Income and expenses having no effect on cash flow                     |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Depreciation  | 6(7)(8)(22 | 2) | 9,036       |             | 9,134   |  |  |
| Amortization  | 6(22)      |    | 147         |             | 184     |  |  |
| Expected credit impairment (gain) loss                                | 12(2)      |    | -           |             | 4,088   |  |  |
| Interest expense  | 6(21)      |    | 737         |             | 484     |  |  |
| Interest income   | 6(18)      | (  | 3,848)      | (           | 2,819)  |  |  |
| Share of (profit) loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures | 6(6)       |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| accounted for under equity method                                     |            |    | 1,260       | (           | 593)    |  |  |
| Onerous contract loss   | 6(5)(11)   |    | 12,388      |             | -       |  |  |
| Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities        |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Net changes in assets relating to operating activities                |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Contract assets-current   |            |    | 720         |             | 123     |  |  |
| Accounts receivable   |            |    | 44,532      | (           | 81,940) |  |  |
| Accounts receivable - related parties                                 |            | (  | 1,208)      |             | 3,159   |  |  |
| Other receivables   |            | (  | 11)         |             | -       |  |  |
| Inventories   |            |    | 34,263      | (           | 74,263  |  |  |
| Prepayments   |            |    | 1,485       | (           | 15,817) |  |  |
| Other current assets  |            |    | 3           |             | 103     |  |  |
| Other non-current assets  |            |    | -           |             | 64      |  |  |
| Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities           |            |    |             |             |         |  |  |
| Contract liabilities  |            |    | 410         |             | 9,859   |  |  |
| Accounts payable  |            |    | 8,526       |             | 39,912  |  |  |
| Other payables  |            | (  | 6,109)      |             | 14,485  |  |  |
| Provisions for liabilities  | 6(11)      |    | 3,911       |             | -       |  |  |
| Other current liabilities   |            |    | 76          | (           | 2)      |  |  |
| Other non-current liabilities   |            | (  | 23)         |             | 5       |  |  |
| Net defined benefit liabilities                                       |            | (  | 50)         | (           | 95)     |  |  |
| Cash generated from operations  |            |    | 154,803     |             | 935     |  |  |
| Interest received   |            |    | 3,449       |             | 2,840   |  |  |
| Interest paid   |            | (  | 412)        | (           | 158)    |  |  |
| Income tax paid   |            | (  | 448)        | (           | 501)    |  |  |
| Income tax refund   |            |    |             |             | 13      |  |  |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities                   |            |    | 157,392     |             | 3,129   |  |  |

(Continued)

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|  |            |     | Years ended | Decem | iber 31  |
|--|------------|-----|-------------|-------|----------|
|  | Notes      |     | 2022        |       | 2021     |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                         |            |     |             |       |          |
| Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost            |            | (\$ | 339,554)    | (\$   | 226,531) |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost |            |     | 403,015     |       | 173,337  |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment                 | 6(26)      | (   | 669)        | (     | 1,396)   |
| Acquisition of intangible assets                             |            | (   | 330)        |       | -        |
| Other receivables - related parties paid                     | 7          |     | -           | (     | 3,269)   |
| Other receivables - related parties refunded                 | 7          |     | 3,269       |       | 48,792   |
| Refundable deposits paid                                     |            | (   | 4,152)      | (     | 8,678)   |
| Refundable deposits refunded                                 |            |     | 3,517       |       | 8,840    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities          |            |     | 65,096      | (     | 8,905)   |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY                           |            |     |             |       |          |
| Guarantee deposits paid                                      | 6(27)      |     | -           |       | 160      |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities      | 6(27)      | (   | 7,789)      | (     | 8,101)   |
| Cash dividends paid  | 6(15)      | (   | 62,874)     |       | -        |
| Acquisition of subsidiary equity                             | 6(6) and 7 | (   | 5,613)      |       |          |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities          |            | (   | 76,276)     | (     | 7,941)   |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                    |            |     | 146,212     | (     | 13,717)  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year               | 6(1)       |     | 86,043      | -     | 99,760   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year                     | 6(1)       | \$  | 232,255     | \$    | 86,043   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was established in the Republic of China. The Company is primarily engaged in the research, development, production, manufacturing, and sales of optical fiber broadband user access network systems, synchronous and asynchronous digital transmission multiplexers, high-speed, asymmetric and symmetric of digital subscriber loop system, broadband modem, router and access system, broadband wireless communication equipment, digital data and voice integrated access equipment, optical fiber communication system and the system planning, construction and after-sales service for the foresaid products and import and export trade business, sales of light-emitting diode lighting devices and related application products and systems.

### 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These parent company only financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 17, 2023.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

|  | Effective Date by        |
|--|--------------------------|
|  | International Accounting |
| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments                  | Standards Board          |
| Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"   | January 1, 2022          |
| Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds | January 1, 2022          |
| before Intended Use"   |                          |
| Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts-Cost of Fulfilling a   | January 1, 2022          |
| Contract"  |                          |
| Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020                | January 1, 2022          |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company financial condition and operating result based on the Company assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Company

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

|  | Effective Date by        |
|--|--------------------------|
|  | International Accounting |
| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments                        | Standards Board          |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"              | January 1, 2023          |
| Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"             | January 1, 2023          |
| Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities | January 1, 2023          |
| arising from a Single Transaction"                                   |                          |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company financial condition and operating result based on the Company assessment.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC effective as follows:

|  | Effective Date by        |
|--|--------------------------|
|  | International Accounting |
| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments  | Standards Board          |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or contribution of assets                             | To be determined by      |
| between an investor and its associate or joint venture"                                      | International            |
|  | Accounting               |
|  | Standards Board          |
| Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"                              | January 1, 2024          |
| IFRS 17, 'Insurance Contracts'   | January 1, 2023          |
| Amendments to IFRS 17, "Insurance Contracts"   | January 1, 2023          |
| Amendments to IFRS 17, "Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - comparative information" | January 1, 2023          |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-<br>current"            | January 1, 2024          |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"                                 | January 1, 2024          |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and operating result based on the Company's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these parent company only financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The parent company only financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these parent company only financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the parent company only financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The parent company only financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-

translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "other gains and losses".

#### (4) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (5) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (6) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Company's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. The Company's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (9) Accounts and notes receivable

A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Company a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.

B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost and including accounts receivable, overdue receivables or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Company recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable, overdue receivables or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Company has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (13) Investments accounted for using equity method / subsidiaries

- A. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.
- B. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between subsidiaries with the Company are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been

adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

- C. The Company's share of its subsidiaries' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in a subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in the subsidiary, the Company should continue to recognize losses in proportion to its ownership.
- D. According to "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", profit and other comprehensive income in the parent company only financial statements should be the same as profit and other comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, and the equity in the parent company only financial statements should be the same as the equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. The property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

| Machinery and equipment  | $2 \sim 5$ years         |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Test equipment           | $2 \sim 5$ years         |
| Transportation equipment | 5 years                  |
| Furniture and fixtures   | $3 \sim 5$ years         |
| Leasehold Improvement    | $3 \sim 8 \text{ years}$ |

#### (15) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following: Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Company subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - a. The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - b. Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee;

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

#### (16) Intangible assets

#### A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

B. Other intangible assets, mainly technology transfer fees, are amortized on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives or the effective period of the contract.

#### (17) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (18) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (19) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (20) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties, decommissioning, onerous contracts) are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

#### (21) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

- i . Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Company in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Company uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii . Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

#### C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

#### (22) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions

where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 5% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

#### (23) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (24) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

#### (25) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

(a) The Company manufactures and sells optical fiber broadband user access network systems and other related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being

when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

- (b) The Company's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Sales of services

The Company provides installation related services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the number of delivered report relative to the total number of committed report. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule.

#### (26) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

#### 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these parent company only financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

- (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies</u> None.
- (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Company must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Company evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of inventories was \$213,493.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

|                                  | Decer | nber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |        |  |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| Cash on hand and revolving funds | \$    | 209           | \$                | 200    |  |
| Demand deposits                  |       | 21,451        |                   | 37,657 |  |
| Time deposits                    |       | 210,595       |                   | 48,186 |  |
| Total                            | \$    | 232,255       | \$                | 86,043 |  |

- A. The Company transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Company has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others. Pledged time deposits accounted for as other current assets. Please refer to note 8.

#### (2) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

| Items                         | Decem | ber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |        |  |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| Non-current items:            |       | _            | ·                 | _      |  |
| Equity instruments            |       |              |                   |        |  |
| Non-Listed and non-OTC stocks | \$    | 9,570        | \$                | 9,570  |  |
| Valuation adjustment          | (     | 9,570)       |                   | 9,570) |  |
| Total                         | \$    | _            | \$                | _      |  |

- A. The Company has elected to classify non-listed and non-OTC investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of such investments amounted to \$0 and \$0, respectively.
- B. The Company recognized in profit or loss and comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021were \$0 and \$0, respectively.
- C. The Company has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others.

#### (3) Financial assets at amortized cost

| Items                      | Decei | mber 31, 2022 | Dece | mber 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------|-------|---------------|------|---------------|
| Current items:             |       | _             |      |               |
| Time Deposit over 3 months | \$    | 152,780       | \$   | 277,238       |
| Pledged time deposit       |       | 20,000        |      | <u>-</u>      |
| Total                      | \$    | 172,780       | \$   | 277,238       |
| Non-current items:         |       |               |      |               |
| Time Deposit over 3 months | \$    | 49,202        | \$   | 13,626        |
| Pledged time deposit       |       | 10,932        |      | 5,511         |
| Total                      | \$    | 60,134        | \$   | 19,137        |

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

|                 | Yea    | ır ended     | Year ei  | nded     |
|-----------------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|
|                 | Decemb | per 31, 2022 | December | 31, 2021 |
| Interest income | \$     | 2,640        | \$       | 2,071    |

- B. Details of the Company's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- C. The Company investment in time deposit with financial institutions with high credit quality, and expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

#### (4) Accounts receivable

|  | Decem | nber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|-------|---------------|-------------------|
| Accounts receivable - general customer | \$    | 114,445       | 158,977           |
| Accounts receivable - related parties  |       | 2,191         | 983               |
| Less: allowance for bad debts          | (     | 8,790)(       | 8,790)            |
|  | \$    | 107,846       | 5 151,170         |

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

|                | _ D | ecember 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------|-----|------------------|-------------------|
| Not past due   | \$  | 105,369          | 150,146           |
| Up to 30 days  |     | 1,281            | 319               |
| 31 to 90 days  |     | 410              | 182               |
| 91 to 180 days |     | 786              | 245               |
| Over 181 days  |     | 8,790            | 9,068             |
|                | \$  | 116,636          | 159,960           |

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the balance of receivables were all from with contracts with customers, and the balance of receivables from contracts with customer as of January 1, 2021 was \$76,477.
- C. The Company has no accounts receivable pledged to others as collateral.
- D. The Company does not hold any collateral as security.
- E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (5) <u>Inventories</u>

|                  | De                | cember 31, 2022              |            |
|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------|
|                  | Cost              | Allowance for valuation loss | Book value |
| Raw materials    | \$<br>89,140 (\$  | 6,305) \$                    | 82,835     |
| Work in progress | 31,368 (          | 352)                         | 31,016     |
| Finished goods   | 107,926 (         | 8,284)                       | 99,642     |
| Total            | \$<br>228,434 (\$ | 14,941) \$                   | 213,493    |
|                  | <br>De            | ecember 31, 2021             |            |
|                  |                   | Allowance for                | _          |
|                  | Cost              | valuation loss               | Book value |
| Raw materials    | \$<br>77,146 (\$  | 6,056) \$                    | 71,090     |
| Work in progress | 36,273 (          | -)                           | 36,273     |
| Finished goods   | <br>160,173 (     | 19,780)                      | 140,393    |
| Total            | \$<br>273,592 (\$ | 25,836) \$                   | 247,756    |

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the year:

|   | •    | Year ended     | Year ended        |
|---|------|----------------|-------------------|
|   | Dece | ember 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Cost of goods sold                          | \$   | 330,080        | \$ 239,148        |
| Gain on reversal of decline in market value | (    | 10,895)(       | 11,307)           |
| Contract loss                               |      | 12,388         | _                 |
|   | \$   | 331,573        | \$ 227,841        |

As the Company's active destock and disposal on obsolete inventories, the allowance for inventory obsolescence was reversed which caused a decrease of cost of goods sold.

#### (6) Investments accounted for using equity method

|   |    | Year ended        | Ye    | ar ended     |
|---|----|-------------------|-------|--------------|
|   | D  | December 31, 2022 | Decem | ber 31, 2021 |
| At January 1  |    | 32,824            |       | 32,231       |
| Addition of investments accounted for using equity method             | \$ | 5,613             | \$    | -            |
| Share of profit or loss investments accounted for using equity method | (  | 1,260)            |       | 593          |
| Changes in capital surplus  |    | 393               |       | _            |
| At December 31  | \$ | 37,570            | \$    | 32,824       |
|   | D  | ecember 31, 2022  | Decem | ber 31, 2021 |
| CITY INC.   |    | 7,068             |       | 1,590        |
| Opent System Co.,Ltd.   |    | 30,502            |       | 31,234       |
|   | \$ | 37,570            | \$    | 32,824       |

Information about the Company's subsidiaries is provided in Note 4(3) of the 2022 consolidated financial statements.

#### (7) Property, plant and equipment

|   | Year ended December 31, 2022 |                    |     |              |    |                             |    |                  |    |                      |    |        |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-----|--------------|----|-----------------------------|----|------------------|----|----------------------|----|--------|
|   |                              | ninery and uipment | Tes | st equipment | 7  | Fransportation<br>Equipment |    | Office equipment |    | Lease<br>Improvement |    | Total  |
| At January 1                              |                              |                    |     |              |    | 1 1                         |    |                  |    |                      |    |        |
| Cost                                      | \$                           | 309                | \$  | 3,062        | \$ | 2,238                       | \$ | 811              | \$ | 1,882                | \$ | 8,302  |
| Accumulated depreciation                  | (                            | 178)(              | (   | 1,414)       | (  | 1,922)(                     |    | 478)             | (_ | 1,096)               | (  | 5,088) |
|   | \$                           | 131                | \$  | 1,648        | \$ | 316                         | \$ | 333              | \$ | 786                  | \$ | 3,214  |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1   | \$                           | 131                | \$  | 1,648        | \$ | 316                         | \$ | 333              | \$ | 786                  | \$ | 3,214  |
| Additions                                 |                              | 195                |     | 395          |    | -                           |    | 253              |    | -                    |    | 843    |
| Depreciation charge                       | (                            | 103)(              | (   | 569)         | (  | 152)(                       |    | 120)             | (_ | 178)                 | (  | 1,122) |
| Closing net book amount as at December 31 | \$                           | 223                | \$  | 1,474        | \$ | 164                         | \$ | 466              | \$ | 608                  | \$ | 2,935  |
| At December 31                            |                              |                    |     |              |    |                             |    |                  |    |                      |    |        |
| Cost                                      | \$                           | 339                | \$  | 3,068        | \$ | 2,238                       | \$ | 748              | \$ | 1,781                | \$ | 8,174  |
| Accumulated depreciation                  | (                            | 116)(              | (   | 1,594)       | (  | 2,074)                      | (  | 282)             | (_ | 1,173)               | (  | 5,239) |
|   | \$                           | 223                | \$  | 1,474        | \$ | 164                         | \$ | 466              | \$ | 608                  | \$ | 2,935  |

|   | Year ended December 31, 2021 |                      |    |                |    |                          |          |                  |    |                      |    |        |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|----|----------------|----|--------------------------|----------|------------------|----|----------------------|----|--------|
|   |                              | chinery and quipment | Т  | Cest equipment |    | Transportation Equipment |          | Office equipment |    | Lease<br>Improvement |    | Total  |
| At January 1                              |                              |                      |    |                |    |                          |          |                  |    |                      |    |        |
| Cost                                      | \$                           | 400                  | \$ | 3,151          | \$ | 2,238 \$                 | \$       | 708              | \$ | 1,675                | \$ | 8,172  |
| Accumulated depreciation                  | (                            | 223)(                | (  | 1,787)         | (  | 1,770)(                  |          | 356)             | (_ | 918)                 | (  | 5,054) |
|   | \$                           | 177                  | \$ | 1,364          | \$ | 468                      | \$       | 352              | \$ | 757                  | \$ | 3,118  |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1   | \$                           | 177                  | \$ | 1,364          | \$ | 468 \$                   | \$       | 352              | \$ | 757                  | \$ | 3,118  |
| Additions                                 |                              | 42                   |    | 856            |    | -                        |          | 140              |    | 207                  |    | 1,245  |
| Depreciation charge                       | (                            | 88)(                 | (  | 572)           | (  | 152)(                    |          | 159)             | (_ | 178)                 | (  | 1,149) |
| Closing net book amount as at December 31 | \$                           | 131                  | \$ | 1,648          | \$ | 316                      | <u> </u> | 333              | \$ | 786                  | \$ | 3,214  |
| At December 31                            |                              |                      |    |                |    |                          |          |                  |    |                      |    |        |
| Cost                                      | \$                           | 309                  | \$ | 3,062          | \$ | 2,238 \$                 | \$       | 811              | \$ | 1,882                | \$ | 8,302  |
| Accumulated depreciation                  | (                            | 178)                 | (  | 1,414)         | (  | 1,922)(                  |          | 478)             | (_ | 1,096)               | (  | 5,088) |
|   | \$                           | 131                  | \$ | 1,648          | \$ | 316                      | \$       | 333              | \$ | 786                  | \$ | 3,214  |

The Company had no interest capitalization for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### (8) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Company leases various assets including buildings, business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise business vehicles. Low-value assets comprise multifunction printers.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

|  | Decemb  | ber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |               |  |
|--|---------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
|  | Carryi  | ing amount   | Carry             | ing amount    |  |
| Buildings                                    | \$      | 14,716       | \$                | 521           |  |
| Transportation Equipment (business vehicles) |         | 410          |                   | 826           |  |
|  | \$      | 15,126       | \$                | 1,347         |  |
|  | Yea     | ar ended     | Ye                | ar ended      |  |
|  | Decemb  | ber 31, 2022 | Decem             | ber 31, 2021  |  |
|  | Depreci | ation charge | Deprec            | iation charge |  |
| Buildings                                    | \$      | 7,498        | \$                | 7,646         |  |
| Transportation Equipment (business vehicles) |         | 416          |                   | 339           |  |
|  | \$      |              | \$                | 7,985         |  |

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$21,693 and \$771, respectively.
- E. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

|   | ear ended<br>aber 31, 2022 | ear ended<br>aber 31, 2021 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Items affecting profit or loss          | <br>_                      | _                          |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities   | \$<br>412                  | \$<br>158                  |
| Expense on short-term lease contracts   | 25                         | 36                         |
| Expense on leases of low-value assets   | 45                         | 39                         |
| Gain on sublease of right-of-use assets | 565                        | 565                        |

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$8,271 and \$8,334, respectively.
- G. Extension and termination options

In determining the lease term, the Company takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

#### (9) Others accounts payable

|  | De | ecember 31, 2022 | De | ecember 31, 2021 |
|--|----|------------------|----|------------------|
| Salaries                                       | \$ | 10,002           | \$ | 11,608           |
| Employees' bonuses and directors' remuneration |    |                  |    |                  |
| payable  |    | 7,250            |    | 14,050           |
| Payables for vat                               |    | 3,317            |    | 2,619            |
| Insurance expense payable                      |    | 1,254            |    | 1,225            |
| Service fee payable                            |    | 460              |    | 520              |
| Others   |    | 8,887            |    | 7,083            |
|  | \$ | 31,170           | \$ | 37,105           |

#### (10) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee.
  - (b) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

|                                  | Decem | iber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|
| Present value of defined benefit |       |               |                   |
| obligations                      | \$    | 1,165         | \$ 1,030          |
| Fair value of plan assets        | (     | 936)(         | 778)              |
| Net defined benefit liability    | \$    | 229)          | \$ 252            |

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

|   | Year ended December 31, 2022 |                             |                           |                      |  |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--|
|   |                              | Present value of            |                           | Net defined          |  |
|   |                              | defined benefit obligations | Fair value of plan assets | benefit<br>liability |  |
| Balance at January 1  | \$                           | 1,030 (\$                   | 778)                      | \$ 252               |  |
| Interest expense (income)   |                              | 8 (                         | 6)                        | 2                    |  |
|   |                              | 1,038 (                     | 784)                      | 254                  |  |
| Remeasurements:   |                              | _                           | _                         |                      |  |
| Return on plan asset (excluding amounts included in interest income or expense) |                              | - (                         | 54)(                      | 54)                  |  |
| Change in demographic   |                              |                             | 0.)(                      |                      |  |
| assumptions   |                              | -                           | -                         | -                    |  |

|  | Year ended December 31, 2022 |                              |             |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | Present value of             |                              | Net defined |  |  |  |  |
|  | defined benefit              | Fair value of                | benefit     |  |  |  |  |
|  | obligations                  | plan assets                  | liability   |  |  |  |  |
| Change in financial assumptions (                            | 112)                         | - (                          | 112)        |  |  |  |  |
| Experience adjustments                                       | 239                          | <u>-</u>                     | 239         |  |  |  |  |
|  | 127 (                        | 54)                          | 73          |  |  |  |  |
| Pension fund contribution                                    | - (                          | 98)(                         | 98)         |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at December 31                                       | \$ 1,165 (\$                 | 936)                         | \$ 229      |  |  |  |  |
|  |                              | Year ended December 31, 2021 |             |  |  |  |  |
|  | Present value of             |                              | Net defined |  |  |  |  |
|  | defined benefit              | Fair value of                | benefit     |  |  |  |  |
|  | obligations                  | plan assets                  | liability   |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1   | \$ 946 (\$                   | 671) \$                      | \$ 275      |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense (income)                                    | 4 (                          | 3)                           | 1           |  |  |  |  |
|  | 950 (                        | 674)                         | 276         |  |  |  |  |
| Remeasurements:  |                              |                              |             |  |  |  |  |
| Return on plan asset (excluding amounts included in interest |                              |                              |             |  |  |  |  |
| income or expense) Change in demographic                     | - (                          | 8)(                          | 8)          |  |  |  |  |
| assumptions  | 1                            | -                            | 1           |  |  |  |  |
| Change in financial assumptions (                            | 71)                          | - (                          | 71)         |  |  |  |  |
| Experience adjustments                                       | 150                          |                              | 150         |  |  |  |  |
|  | 80 (                         | 8)                           | 72          |  |  |  |  |
| Pension fund contribution                                    | - (_                         | 96)(_                        | 96)         |  |  |  |  |

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-thecounter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

\$

1,030 (\$

Balance at December 31

778) \$

252

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

|                         | Year ended        | Year ended        |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                         | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Discount rate           | 1.4%              | 0.8%              |
| Future salary increases | 2.5%              | 2.5%              |

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on the 6th Taiwan Standard Ordinary Experience Mortality Table.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

|                            |             | Discount rate  |    |                |    | Future salary  | y increases    |  |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|--|
|                            |             | Increase 0.25% |    | Decrease 0.25% |    | Increase 0.25% | Decrease 0.25% |  |
| December 31,2022           |             |                |    |                | ·  |                |                |  |
| Effect on present value of |             |                |    |                |    |                |                |  |
| defined benefit obligation | ( <u>\$</u> | 43)            | \$ | 45             | \$ | 42 (\$         | 40)            |  |
| December 31,2021           |             |                |    |                |    |                |                |  |
| Effect on present value of |             |                | _  |                | _  |                | ,              |  |
| defined benefit obligation | ( <u>\$</u> | 41)            | \$ | 43             | \$ | 40 (\$         | 38)            |  |

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company in the year ended December 31, 2023 amount to \$120.
- (g) As of December 31, 2022, the weighted average duration of that retirement plan is 16 year. The future pensions payment was between 6 to 10 years.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$3,465 and \$3,369, respectively.

#### (11) Provisions

|                       | W  | arranty  | abilities   | Onerous      | <br>Total    |
|-----------------------|----|----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| At January 1, 2022    | \$ | -        | \$<br>6,655 | \$<br>-      | \$<br>6,655  |
| Additional provisions |    | 3,911    | -           | 12,388       | 16,299       |
| Unwinding of discount |    | <u>-</u> | 325         | -            | 325          |
| At December 31, 2022  | \$ | 3,911    | \$<br>6,980 | \$<br>12,388 | \$<br>23,279 |

#### Analysis of total provisions:

|             | Decen | nber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2022 |       |  |  |
|-------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Current     | \$    | 12,887        | \$                | _     |  |  |
| Non-current | \$    | 10,392        | \$                | 6,655 |  |  |

#### A. Warranty

The Company provides warranties on products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of products.

#### B. Decommissioning liabilities

According to the policy published, applicable agreement or the law/regulation requirement, the Company has the obligation to dismantle, remove or restore the location of the leased plant. A provision is recognised for the present value of costs to be incurred for dismantling, removing the asset and restoring the site. It is expected that the provision will start to be used from 20.

#### C. Onerous contract

The Company's provision for onerous contract liabilities is mainly the difference between the Company's estimated future unavoidable costs of performing the contract and the estimated income earned from the contract under the non-cancellable contract. This estimate may change as actual conditions change.

#### (12) Share-based payment

On March 4, 2022, the board of directors approved to issue of 4,000 thousand shares of employee stock option. This ESOP has been approved by authority on July 29, 2022, but it has not been granted as of March 17, 2023.

#### (13) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$1,000,000, consisting of 100,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options, preferred shares with warrants and corporate bonds with warrants issued by the Company), and the paid-in capital was \$628,737 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

|                             | Unit              | shares in thousands |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
|                             | Year ended        | Year ended          |
|                             | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021   |
| At January 1/At December 31 | 62,480            | 62,480              |

#### B. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows: (Unit: shares in thousands)

|                            | Year ended December 31, 2022 |           |          |             |    |          |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|----|----------|
|                            | At                           |           |          | At          | -  | Carrying |
| Reason for reacquisition   | January 1                    | Additions | Decrease | December 31 | _  | amount   |
| Subsidiary CITY INC. holds | 393                          | -         | -        | 393         | \$ | 5,447    |

|                            | Year ended December 31, 2021 |           |          |             |    |          |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|----|----------|--|
|                            | At                           |           |          | At          |    | Carrying |  |
| Reason for reacquisition   | January 1                    | Additions | Decrease | December 31 |    | amount   |  |
| Subsidiary CITY INC. holds | 393                          | -         | -        | 393         | \$ | 5,447    |  |

(b) Subsidiaries hold shares issued by the parent company have no voting rights before it is reissued.

#### (14) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

#### B. Details of Capital surplus:

|   | Year er | nded December 31, 2022 | Year er | nded December 31, 2021 |
|---|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
|   | Treasur | y share transactions   | Treasur | y share transactions   |
| At January 1, 2022  | \$      | 79                     | \$      | 79                     |
| Distribution of cash dividends to subsidiaries adjusted capital |         |                        |         |                        |
| surplus   |         | 393                    |         | <u>-</u>               |
| At December 31, 2022  | \$      | 472                    | \$      | 79                     |

#### (15) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. When such legal reserve amount to the total paid-in capital, the Company shall not be subject to this requirement. Then, set aside a special reserve in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirement. Distributing the remaining amount plus prior year's retained earnings shall be appropriated according to a resolution by the Board of Directors, and proposed to the shareholders' meeting for resolution.
- B. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. The shareholders resolved total dividends for the distribution of earnings for the year of 2021 and 2020 on May 27, 2022 and August 24, 2021, respectively. Details were as following:

|                | 2021         |         |            |             | 2020              |  |
|----------------|--------------|---------|------------|-------------|-------------------|--|
|                |              | Earn    | ings per   |             | Earnings per      |  |
|                | <br>Amount   | share(I | n dollars) | <br>Amount  | share(In dollars) |  |
| Legal reserve  | \$<br>7,980  |         |            | \$<br>1,190 |                   |  |
| Cash dividends | <br>62,874   | \$      | 1.0        | <u>-</u>    |                   |  |
|                | \$<br>70,854 |         |            | \$<br>1,190 |                   |  |

E. The appropriation of 2022 earnings had been proposed by the Board of Directors on March 17, 2023 and submitted to the shareholders' regular meeting for approval. Details are summarized as follows:

|                |           | 2022   |                   |  |  |  |
|----------------|-----------|--------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|                |           |        | Earnings per      |  |  |  |
|                |           | Amount | share(In dollars) |  |  |  |
| Legal reserve  | \$        | 4,078  |                   |  |  |  |
| Cash dividends |           | 37,724 | \$ 0.6            |  |  |  |
|                | <u>\$</u> | 41,802 |                   |  |  |  |

#### (16) Other equity items

|                             | Y ear | 31, 2022                             | Y ear ended 1<br>31, 20  | December<br>121 |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
|                             |       | nrealized gains<br>ses) on valuation | Unrealized (losses) on v |                 |
| At January 1/At December 31 | (\$   | 9,570                                | )(\$                     | 9,570)          |

#### (17) Operating revenue

|                                       | Yea | r ended December | 7  | Year ended December |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------------------|----|---------------------|
|                                       |     | 31, 2022         |    | 31, 2021            |
| Revenue from Contracts with Customers | \$  | 472,601          | \$ | 415,757             |

#### A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Company's revenue breakdown is as follows:

| Year ended December 31, 2022             | <br>Access network and broadband equipment | <br>Transmission equipment | <br>Other (Note) | <br>Total     |
|--|--|----------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Total segment revenue                    | \$<br>378,643                              | \$<br>34,703               | \$<br>59,255     | \$<br>472,601 |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$<br>378,643                              | \$<br>34,703               | \$<br>59,255     | \$<br>472,601 |
| Timing of revenue recognition            |  |                            |                  |               |
| At a point in time                       | \$<br>374,483                              | \$<br>34,703               | \$<br>59,255     | \$<br>468,441 |
| Over time                                | <br>4,160                                  | <br>                       | <br>             | <br>4,160     |
|  | \$<br>378,643                              | \$<br>34,703               | \$<br>59,255     | \$<br>472,601 |

| Year ended December 31, 2021             | _  | Access network and roadband equipment |    | Transmission equipment |    | Other (Note)  |    | Total    |
|--|----|---------------------------------------|----|------------------------|----|---------------|----|----------|
| Total segment revenue                    | \$ | 279,383                               | \$ | 65,143                 | \$ | 71,231        | \$ | 415,757  |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$ | 279,383                               | \$ | 65,143                 | \$ | 71,231        | \$ | 415,757  |
| Timing of revenue recognition            | Ф  | 250 207                               | ф  | 64.40 <i>5</i>         | Φ. | <b>51 001</b> | Ф  | 41 4 110 |
| At a point in time                       | \$ | 278,386                               | \$ | 64,495                 | \$ | 71,231        | \$ | 414,112  |
| Over time                                |    | 997                                   |    | 648                    |    | <u>-</u>      |    | 1,645    |
|  | \$ | 279,383                               | \$ | 65,143                 | \$ | 71,231        | \$ | 415,757  |

Note: Mainly revenue from sales of optical fiber network passive components and sales of raw materials.

#### B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Company has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

| Contract consts   | December 3      | 1, 2022   | December 31, 2              | 021           | January 1, 2021                 |
|---|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Contract assets: Contract assets- other service revenue                   | \$              | 42        | \$                          | 762           | \$ 885                          |
|   | December 3      | 1, 2022   | December 31, 2              | 021           | January 1, 2021                 |
| Contract liabilities:<br>Contract liabilities-<br>commodity deposit       | \$              | 10,295    | \$ 9                        | ),88 <u>5</u> | \$ 26                           |
| C. Revenue recognised the period  | at was included | in the co | ontract liability bala      | nce a         | at the beginning of the         |
|   |                 | De        | Year ended ecember 31, 2022 |               | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021 |
| Revenue recognised that the contract liability be beginning of the period | alance at the   |           | 4,795                       |               | 2                               |
| (18) <u>Interest income</u>   |                 | <u> </u>  | ,                           |               |                                 |
|   |                 | De        | Year ended ecember 31, 2022 |               | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021 |
| Interest income from bank Interest income from finan                      | -               | \$        | 1,208                       | \$            | 182                             |
| measured at amortised co  |                 |           | 2,640                       |               | 2,071                           |
| Others interest income  |                 |           |                             |               | 566                             |
|   |                 | \$        | 3,848                       | \$            | 2,819                           |
| (19) Other income   |                 |           |                             |               |                                 |
|   |                 | De        | Year ended ecember 31, 2022 |               | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021 |
| Subsidy income (note)   |                 | \$        | 105                         | \$            | 8,982                           |
| Others income - other   |                 |           | 2,393                       |               | 9,566                           |
|   |                 | \$        | 2,498                       | \$            | 18,548                          |

Note: Government subsidy income included the salary and working capital subsidy of the Ministry of Economic Affairs for the manufacturing and technical service industries that are affected by COVID-19.

#### (20) Other gains and losses

| Net currency exchange gains (loss)                         | \$<br>Year ended<br>December 31, 2022<br>12,027 | (\$ | Year ended<br><u>December 31, 2021</u><br><u>676</u> ) |
|--|---|-----|--|
| (21) Finance costs   |   |     |  |
| Interest expense   | \$<br>Year ended<br>December 31, 2022<br>737    | \$  | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021<br>484                 |
| (22) Expenses by nature                                    |   |     |  |
|  | Year ended<br>December 31, 2022                 |     | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021                        |
| Change in inventory of finished goods and work in progress | \$<br>144,634                                   | \$  | 62,602   |
| Raw materials and supplies used                            | 107,032   |     | 99,252   |
| Employee benefit expense                                   | 98,345  |     | 99,019   |
| Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment      | 1,122   |     | 1,149  |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets                        | 7,914   |     | 7,985  |
| Amortization charges on intangible assets                  | 147   |     | 184  |
| Other expenses   | 81,225  |     | 67,414   |
| Operating costs and operating expenses                     | \$<br>440,419                                   | \$  | 337,605  |

#### (23) Employee benefit expense

|                                  | Year ended<br>December 31, 2022 |        |    | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----|---------------------------------|
| Wages and salaries               | \$                              | 84,977 | \$ | 85,914                          |
| Labour and health insurance fees |                                 | 6,791  |    | 6,501                           |
| Pension costs                    |                                 | 3,467  |    | 3,370                           |
| Other personnel expenses         |                                 | 3,110  |    | 3,234                           |
|                                  | \$                              | 98,345 | \$ | 99,019                          |

- A. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall distribute not less than 3% and not more than 15% of its annual profit as the employee compensation, and not more than 3% of its annual profit as the director remuneration. However, if the Company has an accumulated deficit, then it should be offset first.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation was accrued at \$5,580 and \$10,800, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$1,670 and \$3,250, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10% and 3% of distributable profit of current year for the year ended December 31, 2022. The

employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors on March 17, 2022 were in agreement with those amount recognized in the financial statement, and the compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for the year ended December 31, 2021 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2021 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (24) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

|  |       | ear ended     | Year ended        |
|--|-------|---------------|-------------------|
|  | Decei | mber 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Current tax:                                 |       |               |                   |
| Current tax on profits for the period        | \$    | 6,038         | -                 |
| Tax on undistributed surplus earnings        |       | 447           | 531               |
| Prior year income tax (over) underestimation | (     | 63)           | 478               |
| Total current tax                            |       | 6,422         | 1,009             |
| Deferred tax:                                |       |               |                   |
| Origination and reversal of temporary        |       |               |                   |
| differences                                  | (     | 189)(         | 1,789)            |
| Effect from taxable loss                     |       | 1,471         | 15,768            |
| Total deferred tax                           |       | 1,282 (       | 13,979)           |
| Income tax expense                           | \$    | 7,704 \$      | 14,988            |

- (b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income: None.
- (c) The income tax charged/(credited) to equity during the period: None.
- B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

|   |    | Year ended        | Year ended        |
|---|----|-------------------|-------------------|
|   |    | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Tax calculated based on profit before tax |    |                   |                   |
| and statutory tax rate                    | \$ | 9,712 \$          | 18,973            |
| Expenses disallowed by tax regulation     |    | 511               | 394               |
| Tax exempt income by tax regulation       |    | - (               | 1,776)            |
| Tax on undistributed earnings             |    | 447               | 531               |
| Temporary differences not recognized as   |    |                   |                   |
| deferred tax assets                       | (  | 2,179)(           | 2,261)            |
| Prior year income tax underestimation     | (  | 63)               | 478               |
| Effect from taxable loss                  | (  | 724)(             | 1,351)            |
| Tax expenses                              | \$ | 7,704 \$          | 14,988            |

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary difference are as follows:

|                             | Year ended December 31, 2022 |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------|----------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
|                             | Ja                           | nuary 1 | Recogni  | zed in profit or loss | _I          | December 31 |  |
| Deferred tax assets:        |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| -Temporary differences:     |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| Decommissioning liabilities | \$                           | 1,504   | \$       | 75                    | \$          | 1,579       |  |
| Others                      |                              | 3,385   |          | 2,254                 |             | 5,639       |  |
| Taxable loss                |                              | 1,471   | (        | 1,471)                |             | <u> </u>    |  |
| Subtotal                    | \$                           | 6,360   | \$       | 858                   | \$          | 7,218       |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities:   |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| -Temporary differences:     |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| Unrealised exchange gain    | \$                           |         | (\$      | 2,140)                | ( <u>\$</u> | 2,140)      |  |
| Total                       | \$                           | 6,360   | (\$      | 1,282)                | <u>\$</u>   | 5,078       |  |
|                             |                              |         | Year end | led December 31, 20   | 21          |             |  |
|                             | Ja                           | nuary 1 | Recogni  | zed in profit or loss | _I          | December 31 |  |
| Deferred tax assets:        |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| -Temporary differences:     |                              |         |          |                       |             |             |  |
| Decommissioning liabilities | \$                           | 1,429   | \$       | 75                    | \$          | 1,504       |  |
| Others                      |                              | 1,671   |          | 1,714                 |             | 3,385       |  |
| Taxable loss                |                              | 17,239  | (        | 15,768)               |             | 1,471       |  |
| Total                       | \$                           | 20,339  | (\$      | 13,979)               | \$          | 6,360       |  |

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

The year ended December 31, 2022: None.

|   | December 31, 2021  |          |                |              |   |
|---|--------------------|----------|----------------|--------------|---|
|   | Amount             |          | Unused         | Deferred tax |   |
| Year incurred                                 | filed/assessed     |          | amount         | assets       | Expiry year                             |
| Year ended                                    |                    |          |                |              | Year ended                              |
| December 31, 2015                             | \$ 31,237          | \$       | 2,868          | \$ -         | December 31, 2025                       |
| Year ended                                    |                    |          |                |              | Year ended                              |
| December 31, 2016                             | 4,487              |          | 4,487          |              | December 31, 2026                       |
|   | \$ 35,724          | \$       | 7,355          | \$ -         |   |
| Year ended<br>December 31, 2015<br>Year ended | \$ 31,237<br>4,487 | \$<br>\$ | 2,868<br>4,487 |              | Year ended December 31, 2023 Year ended |

E. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

|                                 | Y    | Year ended     | Year ended        |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------|-------------------|
|                                 | Dece | ember 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| deductible temporary difference | \$   | 14,941         | \$<br>25,837      |

J. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

#### (25) Earnings per share

|  |    |  | Year ended December 31, 202   | 22 |                                    |
|--|----|--|---|----|------------------------------------|
|  |    | Amount after tax Weighted average nun of ordinary shares outstanding (share i thousands) |   |    | rnings per<br>share<br>n dollars)  |
| Basic earnings per share   |    |  |   |    |                                    |
| Profit attributable to the parent  | \$ | 40,854   | 62,480  | \$ | 0.65                               |
| Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees'  | \$ | 40,854   | 62,480  |    |                                    |
| bonus  |    | -  | 469   |    |                                    |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive   |    |  |   |    |                                    |
| potential ordinary shares  | \$ | 40,854   | \$ 62,949   | \$ | 0.65                               |
| Designation and the second   | _  | Amount after tax   | Year ended December 31, 202 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands) | Еа | urnings per<br>share<br>n dollars) |
| Basic earnings per share   | Ф  | <b>50.05</b> 6   | 62,400  | Ф  | 1.20                               |
| Profit attributable to the parent  | \$ | 79,876   | 62,480  | \$ | 1.28                               |
| Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' | \$ | 79,876   | 62,480  |    |                                    |
| bonus  |    | _  | 527   |    |                                    |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive   | Φ. | 70.076   |   | Φ  | 1.07                               |
| potential ordinary shares  | \$ | 79,876   | \$ 63,007   | \$ | 1.27                               |

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding had been deducted the weighted average number of treasury shares.

#### (26) Supplemental cash flow information

#### A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

|  | Dec | Year ended cember 31, 2022 | ]  | Year ended<br>December 31, 2021 |
|--|-----|----------------------------|----|---------------------------------|
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment    | \$  | 843                        | \$ | 1,245                           |
| Add: opening balance of payable on equipment |     | 74                         |    | 225                             |
| Less: ending balance of payable on equipment | (   | 248)                       | (  | 74)                             |
| Cash paid during the year                    | \$  | 669                        | \$ | 1,396                           |

#### (27) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

|  |    |                       | 2022                       | 2      |      |   |
|--|----|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------|------|---|
|  |    | Leases<br>liabilities | Guarantee<br>deposits rece |        |      | Liabilities from financing activities-gross |
| At January 1,  | \$ | 1,381                 |                            | 401    | \$   | 1,782                                       |
| Changes in cash flow from financing activities   | (  | 7,789)                | •                          | _      | (    | 7,789)                                      |
| Interest payments of lease liabilities   | (  | 412                   |                            | _      | (    | 412)  |
| Amortization interest expense of lease liability                                       | `  | 412                   |                            | _      |      | 412   |
| Increase in lease liabilities  |    | 21,693                |                            |        |      | 21,693                                      |
| At December 31   | \$ | 15,285                | \$                         | 401    | \$   | 15,686                                      |
|  |    |                       | 2021                       | -      |      |   |
|  |    | Leases<br>liabilities | Guarantee deposits rece    |        |      | Liabilities from financing activities-gross |
| At January 1   | \$ | 9,167                 | \$                         | 241    | \$   | 9,408                                       |
| Changes in cash flow from financing activities   | (  | 8,101)                | )                          | 160    | (    | 7,941)                                      |
| Interest payments on lease liabilities   | (  | 158)                  | )                          | -      | (    | 158)  |
| Amortization of lease liability interest expense                                       |    | 158                   |                            | -      |      | 158   |
| Increase in lease liabilities  |    | 771                   |                            | -      |      | 771   |
| Decrease in lease liability  | (  | 456)                  |                            |        | (    | 456)  |
| At December 31   | \$ | 1,381                 | \$                         | 401    | \$   | 1,782                                       |
| 7. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS  |    |                       |                            |        |      |   |
| (1) Names and relationship of related parties  |    |                       |                            |        |      |   |
| Names of related parties   |    |                       | Relationship w             | ith th | he ( | Company                                     |
| Opent System Co.,Ltd.  |    |                       | Subs                       | sidiar | У    | _   |
| CITY INC.  |    |                       | Subs                       | sidiar | У    |   |
| Opnet (Thailand) Company Limited   |    | Subs                  | sidiary hold by the        | he Co  | omp  | any indirectly                              |
| (2) <u>Significant related party transactions</u>                                      |    |                       |                            |        |      |   |
| A. Operating revenue:  |    | <b>3</b> 7            | 1 1                        |        | τ:   | 7 1 1                                       |
|  |    | Year e<br>December    |                            | De     |      | Year ended mber 31, 2021                    |
| Sales of goods:  |    |                       |                            |        |      |   |
| -Subsidiary  | \$ |                       | 2,737 \$                   |        |      | 869   |
| The selling pricing and payment terms to roof sales to third parties. The payment term |    |                       | _                          | ntly   | diff | Ferent from those                           |
| B. Accounts receivables  |    |                       |                            |        |      |   |
|  |    | Decen                 | nber 31, 2022              | I      | Dec  | ember 31, 2021                              |
| Accounts receivables : -Subsidiary Other receivables                                   |    | \$                    | 2,191                      | \$     |      | 983   |
| -Subsidiary  |    |                       | 100                        |        |      | 100   |
| ·  |    | \$                    | 2,291                      | \$     |      | 1,083                                       |

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods. The receivables are due 90 days after the date of sales. The receivables are unsecured and bear no interest. The Company has not accrued allowances for receivables from related parties.

#### C. Property transactions-Capital increase on subsidiaries

|                 |                      |               | Y ear ended       |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|                 |                      |               | December 31, 2022 |
|                 | Accounts             | No. of shares | Consideration     |
|                 | Investments          |               |                   |
| Subsidiary-CITY | accounting for using |               |                   |
|                 | equity method        | 200,000       | \$<br>5,613       |

The year ended December 31, 2021: None.

#### D. Loans to/from related parties-Loans to related parties (other receivables- related parties)

#### (a) Outstanding balance:

|                                      | Decemb | er 31, 2022 I | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------------|
| Subsidiary- Opnet (Thailand) Company |        |               |                   |
| Limited                              | \$     | <u>-</u> \$   | 3,269             |

#### (b) Interest income:

|                 | _        | December 31, 2021 |   |  |
|-----------------|----------|-------------------|---|--|
| Interest income | <u> </u> | \$ 566            | , |  |

The loans to subsidiary shall be repayable within 1 years after loans provided and carry interest at 3.2% per annum for the years ended December 31,2021.

#### E. Other income

|                                   | December 31, 2022 |       |    | cember 31, 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|----|-----------------|
| Subsidiary- Opent System Co.,Ltd. | \$                | 1,552 | \$ | 8,234           |

Other income were from providing subsidiary support services, endorsement and guarantee.

#### F. Endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties

|                                 | December 31, 2022 |               |      | ember 31, 2021    |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|-------------------|
| Subsidiary                      | \$                | 88,941        | \$   | 88,347            |
|                                 | (THB 10,000 in    |               | (    | THB 10,000 in     |
|                                 | thousa            | nds and NTD   | tho  | usands and NTD    |
|                                 | 80,000            | in thousands) | 80,0 | 000 in thousands) |
| (3) Key management compensation |                   |               |      |                   |
|                                 | Yes               | ar ended      |      | Year ended        |
|                                 | Decem             | ber 31, 2022  | Dec  | ember 31, 2021    |
| Short-term employee benefits    | \$                | 16,829        | \$   | 14,465            |

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

|   | Book              | _                 |                            |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Pledged asset   | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | Purpose                    |
| Time deposits (shown as "financial assets at amortised cost current")     | 20,000            | -                 | Bid bond                   |
| Time deposits (shown as "financial assets at amortised cost non-current") | 200               | 411               | Customs guarantee          |
| Time deposits (shown as "financial assets at amortised cost non-current") | 10,732            | 5,100             | Performance Bond /Warranty |
|   | \$ 30,932         | \$ 5,511          |                            |

#### 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS</u>

- A. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the bank open a guarantee letter for the Company due to bid bond and performance bond amounting to \$111,070 and \$62,807, respectively.
- B. The Company has signed procurement contracts with some customers. According to the contract, the purchased goods should be delivered to the designated place within 150 calendar days (inclusive) of the next day after receiving the written (or fax) notification of the order. If the goods cannot be delivered on schedule, penalties will be claimed according to the contract. However, due to the impact of COVID-19 and Russia Ukraine war, the uncertainty of the delivery schedule is high. The Group has assessed the possible risks and accrued related liabilities accordingly on reporting date. Please refer to Note 6(11).

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

#### 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 6(15)

#### 12. OTHERS

#### (1) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

During year ended December 31, 2022, the Company's strategy, which was unchanged from 2021, was to maintain the gearing ratio within 0%. The gearing ratios at December 31, 2022 and 2021 both were 0%.

#### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Financial instruments by category

| , <u> </u>                                 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Financial assets                           |                   |                   |
| Financial assets at fair value through     |                   |                   |
| comprehensive income                       |                   |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                  | \$ 232,255        | \$ 86,043         |
| Financial assets at amortised cost         | 232,914           | 296,375           |
| Accounts receivables                       | 1055,655          | 150,187           |
| Accounts receivables-related parties       | 2,191             | 983               |
| Other accounts receivables                 | 433               | 23                |
| Other accounts receivables-related parties | 100               | 3,369             |
| Guarantee deposits paid                    | 3,579             | 2,944             |
|  | \$ 577,127        | \$ 539,924        |
|  | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| Financial liabilities                      |                   |                   |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost    |                   |                   |
| Accounts payable                           | \$ 85,010         | \$ 76,484         |
| Other accounts payable                     | 31,170            | 37,105            |
| Guarantee deposits received                | 401               | 401               |
|  | \$ 116,581        | \$ 113,990        |
| Leases liabilities                         | \$ 15,285         | \$ 1,381          |

#### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize the adverse effect of uncertainty on the financial performance of the Company, such as foreign exchange rate, interest rate to monitor and credit management of counterparty to identify all possible risks that may exposure. Thus, the Company's management can control and measure market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk effectively.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Company's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and THB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange

- risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Company treasury.
- iii. The Company's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations. The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

|  | Ι                                      | December 31, 2022      | 2  |                            |
|--|--|------------------------|----|----------------------------|
|  | Foreign currency amount (In thousands) | Exchange rate          |    | Book value (NTD)           |
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial assets | ,                                      |                        |    |                            |
| Monetary items USD:NTD EUR:NTD MYR:NTD                   | 1,642<br>1,007<br>1,687                | 30.71<br>32.72<br>6.70 | \$ | 50,434<br>32,942<br>11,301 |
| Financial liability  Monetary items  USD:NTD             | 1,348                                  | 30.71                  | \$ | 41,386                     |
|  | Γ                                      | December 31, 2021      |    |                            |
| (Foreign currency: functional                            | Foreign currency amount (In thousands) | Exchange rate          |    | Book value (NTD)           |
| currency) Financial assets Monetary items                |  |                        |    |                            |
| USD:NTD  Financial liability  Monetary items             | 3,999                                  | 27.68                  | \$ | 110,671                    |
| USD:NTD  | 807                                    | 27.68                  | \$ | 22,332                     |

iv. Total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted \$10,698 and (\$1,819), respectively.

iii. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

| _                                       | Year ended December 31, 2022 |          |                        |                                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |                              | Sensitiv | ity analysis           | 3                                  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Degree of variation          |          | t on profit<br>or loss | Effect on othe comprehensiv income |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) |                              |          |                        |                                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial assets                        |                              |          |                        |                                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monetary items                          |                              |          |                        |                                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| USD:NTD                                 | 1%                           | \$       | 504                    | \$                                 | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| EUR:NTD                                 | 1%                           |          | 329                    |                                    | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| MYR:NTD                                 | 1%                           |          | 113                    |                                    | - |  |  |  |  |  |

1% (\$ 414) \$

| _                             | Yea                 | r ended I | December 31,             | 2021                                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                               | Degree of variation | Effe      | ect on profit<br>or loss | Effect on other comprehensive income |
| (Foreign currency: functional |                     |           | <u> </u>                 | _                                    |
| currency)                     |                     |           |                          |                                      |
| Financial assets              |                     |           |                          |                                      |
| Monetary items                |                     |           |                          |                                      |
| USD:NTD                       | 1%                  | \$        | 1,107                    | \$ -                                 |
| Financial liability           |                     |           |                          |                                      |
| Monetary items                |                     |           |                          |                                      |
| USD:NTD                       | 1%                  | (\$       | 223)                     | \$ -                                 |

#### Price risk

- i. The Company's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Company diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Company.
- ii. The Company's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and open-end funds. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$0 and \$0, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As the Company has no long-term and short-term borrowings, it is not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i . Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Company arising from default by the counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The credit risk management policies of each operating entity within the company were as follows:
  - (i) There are relevant procedures to monitor and reduce the credit risk of accounts receivable, however there is no guarantee that the procedure can completely and effectively eliminate credit risk and avoid losses. In the case of a deteriorating economic environment, the degree of exposure to such credit risk will increase.
  - (ii) The Company regularly monitors and reviews credit limits based on market conditions and the credit status of counterparties, and adjusts to manage credit risks timely. The Company only transacts with banks and financial institutions with high credit quality, so it is not expected to be exposed to credit risk.
- (iii) The main credit risk comes from deposits in banks and financial institutions and receivables.

- ii. The Company adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iii. The Company classifies customer's accounts receivable, in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Company applies the simplified approach using provision matrix, loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- iv. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
- v. The Company used the forecastability of Panel industry research report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable and contract assets. The loss rate methodology as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

|                      |    | Accounts               | rec | ceivable and cor | ıtrac | et assets         |
|----------------------|----|------------------------|-----|------------------|-------|-------------------|
| At December 31, 2022 |    | Individual             |     | Group A          |       | Group B           |
| Expected loss rate   |    | 0%-100%                |     | 0%-36.41%        |       | 0%                |
| Total book value     | \$ | 8,790                  | \$  | 14,584           | \$    | 93,304            |
| Loss allowance       | \$ | 8,790                  | \$  | _                | \$    | -                 |
| At December 31, 2021 | _  | Accounts<br>Individual | rec | ceivable and cor | ntrac | et assets Group B |
| Expected loss rate   |    | 0%-100%                |     | 0%-34.67%        |       | 0%                |
| Total book value     | \$ | 9,773                  | \$  | 4,043            | \$    | 146,906           |
| Loss allowance       | \$ | 8,790                  | \$  |                  | \$    | -                 |

vi. Movements in relation to the company applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable and other non-current assets (overdue receivables) are as follows:

|                             |   |                 | d December<br>2022 |  |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------|--|
|                             | _ | Accounts receiv |                    |  |
| At January 1/At December 31 |   | \$              | 8,790              |  |

|                             |    | Y ear ended D       | ecember 31, 2 | 2021                         |
|-----------------------------|----|---------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
|                             |    | Accounts receivable |               | -current assets receivables) |
| At January 1                | \$ | 4,702               | \$            | 6,111                        |
| Provision for impairment    |    | 4,091               |               | -                            |
| Reversal of impairment loss | (  | 3)                  |               | -                            |
| Write-offs                  |    | -                   | (             | 6,664)                       |
| Effect of foreign exchange  |    | <u>-</u>            |               | 553                          |
| At December 31              | \$ | 8,790               | \$            |                              |

#### (c) Liquidity risk

- i . Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Company and aggregated by Company treasury. Company treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Company's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii . Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Company treasury. Company treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, money market deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company held money market position of \$412,577 and \$339,050, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The Company has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

|                          |     | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-------------------|
| Floating rate:           | · · |                   |                   |
| Expiring within one year | \$  | 168,930           | \$<br>217,193     |

iv. The table below analyses the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

| December 31, 2022                     | <br>Less than 6 months | 6 months and 1 year | Over 1 years |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Accounts payable                      | \$<br>85,010           | \$ -                | \$ -         |
| Other payables                        | 25,590                 | 5,580               | -            |
| Leases liabilities                    | 4,064                  | 3,912               | 7,719        |
| Guarantee deposits received           | -                      | -                   | 401          |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities: |                        |                     |              |
| December 31, 2021                     | <br>Less than 6 months | 6 months and lyear  | Over 1 years |
| Accounts payable                      | \$<br>76,484           | \$ -                | \$ -         |
| Other payables                        | 36,672                 | 438                 | -            |
| Leases liabilities                    | 462                    | 344                 | 637          |
| Guarantee deposits received           | -                      | -                   | 401          |

v. The Company does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis to be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount to be significantly different.

#### (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Company's investment in equity investment without active market and investment property is included in Level 3.

#### B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial asset at amortized cost, accounts receivable (included related parties), other receivables (included related parties), guarantee deposits paid, accounts payable, other payables, lease liability, and guarantee deposit received are approximate to their fair values.

#### (4) Other

Operating effect of COVID-19

Due to the impact of COVID -19 for the year ended December 31, 2022, the delivery schedules of some purchased goods were extended, and the operation is expected to be affected. The Company has assessed the possible risks and accrued related liabilities accordingly on reporting date. Please refer to Note 6 (11).

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 4.

#### (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 5.

#### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: None.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

#### (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: None.

#### 14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

None.

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. FINANCINGS PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Collateral

|         |              |            |                  |         |                 |          |          |               |            |             |            |           |      |       |                 | Financing       |          |
|---------|--------------|------------|------------------|---------|-----------------|----------|----------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
|         |              |            |                  |         |                 |          |          |               |            |             |            |           |      |       | Financing       | Company's       |          |
|         |              |            | Financial        |         | Maximum         | Ending   | Amount   |               |            |             |            | Allowance |      |       | Limits for Each | Total Financing |          |
| No.     | Financing    | Counter    | Statement        | Related | Balance for the |          | Actually |               | Nature for | Transaction | Reason for | for       |      |       | Borrowing       | Amount Limits   |          |
| (Note1) | Company      | -party     | Account          | Party   | Period (Note 2  | (Note 2) | Drawn    | Interest Rate | Financing  | Amounts     | Financing  | Bad Debt  | Item | Value | Company(Note 3) | (Note 3)        | Footnote |
| 1       | Opnet        | Opnet      | Other            | Y       | \$ 4,11         | \$ -     | \$ -     | -             | Short-term | -           | Operating  | -         | none | \$ -  | \$ 69,584       | \$ 139,169      |          |
|         | Technologies | (Thailand) | receivables      |         |                 |          |          |               | financing  |             | needed     |           |      |       |                 |                 |          |
|         | Co., Ltd.    | Company    | -related parties |         |                 |          |          |               |            |             |            |           |      |       |                 |                 |          |

Note1: The description of the number column is as follows:

Limited

Note3: The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed 10% of the net worth of the Company. The total loan amount is limited to 20% of the company's net worth.

<sup>1.</sup> The issuer fills in 0.

<sup>2.</sup> Invested companies are numbered sequentially starting from the numeral 1 by company.

Note2: The maximum balance of financing provided to others in the current year and the ending balance, not actual financing provided amounts.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

|         |                       | Guaranteed            | Party        |   |    |             |    |        |                    |  |                     |                                      |                                    |                          |  |          |
|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|----|-------------|----|--------|--------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------|
|         | Endorsement/          |                       | Nature of    | Limits on<br>Endorsement/<br>Guarantee Amount<br>Provided to Each | ,  | Maximum     |    |        | Amount             | Amount of<br>Endorsement/<br>Guarantee | tio of Accumulated  | Maximum<br>Endorsement/<br>Guarantee | Guarantee<br>Provided by<br>Parent | Guarantee<br>Provided by | Guarantee<br>Provided to<br>Subsidiaries |          |
| No.     | Guarantee             |                       | Relationship | Guaranteed Party  |    | Balance for | Er | nding  | Amount<br>Actually | Collateralized by                      | t Equity per Latest | Amount<br>Allowable                  | Company                            | A Subsidiary             | in Mainland                              |          |
| (Note1) | Provider              | Name                  | (Note 2)     | (Note 4)  |    | the Period  |    | alance | Drawn              | Properties                             | nancial Statements  | (Note 3)                             | (Note 5)                           | (Note 5)                 | China (Note 5)                           | Footnote |
| 0       | Opnet                 | Opnet (Thailand)      | 2            | \$<br>208,753   | \$ | 17,328      | \$ | 8,941  | \$<br>46           | \$<br>\$ -                             | 1.28%               | \$<br>347,922                        | Y                                  | N                        | N  |          |
|         | Technologies          | Company Limited       |              |   |    |             |    |        |                    |  |                     |                                      |                                    |                          |  |          |
|         | Co., Ltd.             |                       |              |   |    |             |    |        |                    |  |                     |                                      |                                    |                          |  |          |
| 0       | Opnet<br>Technologies | Opent System Co.,Ltd. | 2            | 139,169   |    | 160,000     |    | 80,000 | 2,738              | -                                      | 11.50%              | 347,922                              | Y                                  | N                        | N  |          |

Note1: The description of the number column is as follows:

The issuer fills in (

Co., Ltd.

2. Invested companies are numbered sequentially starting from the numeral 1 by company.

Note2: There are the following 7 types of relationship between the endorser and the endorsed guarantor, just indicate the type:

- Companies with business.
- 2. Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares company.
- 3. A companies that directly and indirectly hold more than 50% of the Company's voting shares.
- 4. Between companies in which the Company directly and indirectly holds more than 90% of the voting shares.
- 5. Based on the needs of contracting projects, companies in the same industry or co-constructors are mutually insured according to the contract.
- 6. A company that is endorsed and guaranteed by all shareholders in accordance with their shareholding ratio due to a joint investment relationship.
- 7. Joint and several guarantees for performance guarantees of pre-sale housing sales contracts among peers in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note3: The maximum amount of the company's external endorsement guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the net value of the audited or reviewed financial statement.

Note4: Total endorsement/ guarantee amount limits shall not exceed 20% of the net worth of the Company. The total endorsement/ guarantee amount to a company shall not exceed 30% of the net worth of the Company.

Note5: It is must be filled Y only for the endorsement of the parent company of the listed company to the subsidiaries in the mainland.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD (NOT INCLUDING SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES) DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

|                              |                                     |  |   |              | Decen          | nber 31, 2022           |            |          |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|
| Held Company Name            | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company  | Financial Statement Account   | Shares/Units | Carrying Value | Percentage of Ownership | Fair Value | Footnote |
| Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. | Hannlync Technologies Inc.          | None   | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-<br>non-current | 400,000      | \$ -           | 0.42                    | \$ -       |          |
| CITY INC.                    | Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd.        | An investment company that accounting for equity method on CITY INC. | Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income-non-<br>current       | 393,397      | 5,881          | 0.63                    | 5,881      |          |

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Intercomp | any '. | l'ransact | 101 |
|-----------|--------|-----------|-----|
|-----------|--------|-----------|-----|

| No. (Note 1) | Company Name                 | Counter Party                    | Nature of Relationship (Note 2) | Financial Statements Item | Amount   | Terms  | Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets (Note 3) |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|--------|---|
| 0            | Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. | Opnet (Thailand) Company Limited | 1                               | Sales                     | \$ 2,737 | Note 4 | 0.57  |
| 0            | Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. | Opnet (Thailand) Company Limited | 1                               | Accounts receivable       | 2,191    | Note 4 | 0.25  |
| 0            | Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. | Opent System Co.,Ltd.            | 1                               | Other accounts receivable | 100      | Note 4 | 0.01  |
| 0            | Opnet Technologies Co., Ltd. | Opent System Co.,Ltd.            | 1                               | Other income              | 1,552    | Note 4 | 0.32  |

Notel: The information of transactions between the Company and the consolidated subsidiaries should be noted in "Number" column.

- 1. Number 0 represents the Company.
- 2. The consolidated subsidiaries are numbered in order from number 1.

Note2: The transaction relationships with the counterparties are as follows (If it is the same transaction between the parent company and the subsidiaries, there is no need to disclose it repeatedly. For example, if a parent company has disclosed a transaction with a subsidiary npany, the subsidiary does not need to be repeatedly disclosed; for a subsidiary company-to-subsidiary transaction, if one subsidiary company has disclosed it, the other subsidiary company does not need to disclose it repeatedly):

- 1. The Company to the consolidated subsidiaries.
- 2. The consolidated subsidiaries to the Company.
- 3. The consolidated subsidiaries to another consolidated subsidiaries.
- Note3: In calculating the ratio, the transaction amount is divided by consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and is divided by consolidated total revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note4: There is no significant difference in the transaction terms between related parties and non-related parties.
- Note5: The significant transactions in this form can be determined by the Company based on the principle of materiality.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

|                                 |                                     |                        |  | Original Inve     | stment | t Amount         | Balance   | as of December 31.         | , 202 | .2                |     |                                       |              |       |          |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------|--------|------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------|----------|
| Investor Company                | Investee Company                    | Location               | Main Businesses and Products   | December 31, 2022 | De     | ecember 31, 2021 | Shares    | Percentage of<br>Ownership |       | Carrying<br>Value | N   | et Income (Losses) of<br>the Investee | Share of Pro |       | Footnote |
| Opnet Technologies Co.,<br>Ltd. | City inc.                           | British Virgin Islands | International trade  | \$ 22,011         | \$     | 16,398           | 700,000   | 100                        | \$    | 7,068             | (\$ | 528 )                                 | (\$          | 528 ) | Note     |
| Opnet Technologies Co.,<br>Ltd. | Opent System Co.,Ltd.               | Taiwan                 | Design and processing of access network<br>systems, network equipment, and<br>computer peripheral products | 30,000            |        | 30,000           | 3,000,000 | 100                        |       | 30,502            | (   | 732 )                                 | (            | 732 ) |          |
| City inc.                       | Opnet (Thailand) Company<br>Limited | Thailand               | Design and processing of access network<br>systems, network equipment, and<br>computer peripheral products | 15,155            |        | 9,542            | 1,667,397 | 100                        |       | 2,204             | (   | 651 )                                 | (            | 651 ) |          |

Note: The book value has been deducted NTD 5,881 thousands due to the Company's treasury stocks held by CITY INC. as of December 31, 2022.

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item                 | Description                                 | Amount     |
|----------------------|---|------------|
| Cash:                |   |            |
| Cash-NTD             |   | \$ 123     |
| -USD                 | 2,800.00 Exchange rate 30.71                | 86         |
|                      |   | 209        |
| Cash in banks        |   |            |
| Demand deposits -NTD |   | 16,619     |
| -USD                 | 139,466.91 Exchange rate 30.71              | 4,283      |
| -THD                 | 358,890.89 Exchange rate 0.8941             | 321        |
| -EUR                 | 6,799.13 Exchange rate 32.72                | 222        |
| -CNY                 | 1,358.14 Exchange rate 4.41                 | 6          |
|                      |   | 21,451     |
| Time deposits -NTD   | Expiring progressively until March 29, 2023 | 131,810    |
|                      | Interest rate range: 0.80%~1.04%            |            |
| -USD                 | 1,500,000.00 Exchange rate 30.71            | 46,065     |
|                      | Expiring progressively until February 6,    |            |
|                      | 2023  |            |
|                      | Interest rate range: 3.55%~3.85%            |            |
| -EUR                 | 1,000,000.00 Exchange rate 32.72            | 32,720     |
|                      | Maturity before March 8, 2023               |            |
|                      | Interest rate range: 0.33%                  |            |
|                      |   | 210,595    |
|                      |   | \$ 232,255 |
|                      |   |            |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Client Name                      | Description | _  | Amount  | NOTE   |
|----------------------------------|-------------|----|---------|--|
| General Customers:               |             |    |         |  |
| Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.       |             | \$ | 51,707  |  |
| TAIWAN POWER COMPANY             |             |    | 41,597  |  |
| KUB Telekomunikasi Sdn Bhd       |             |    | 11,301  |  |
| United Fiber Optic Communication |             |    | •       |  |
| Inc.                             |             |    | 8,790   |  |
| Others                           |             |    |         | The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account |
|                                  |             |    | 1,050   | balance.   |
|                                  |             |    | 114,445 |  |
| Less: Allowance for bad debts    |             | (  | 8,790)  | The amount overdue one year was \$8,790.   |
| D 1 . 1                          |             |    | 105,655 |  |
| Related parties:                 |             |    |         |  |
| Opnet (Thailand) Company Limited |             |    | 2,191   |  |
| Total                            |             | \$ | 107,846 |  |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|                               |             |    | An      | nount |             |   |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----|---------|-------|-------------|---|
| Item                          | Description |    | Cost    | Ma    | arket value | Note  |
| Raw materials                 |             | \$ | 89,140  | \$    | 97,481      | Net Realizable<br>Value for the<br>market value |
| Work in process               |             |    | 31,368  |       | 67,534      | "   |
| Finished goods                |             |    | 107,926 |       | 162,378     | "   |
|                               |             |    | 228,434 | \$    | 327,393     |   |
| Less: allowance for valuation |             | (  | 14,941) |       |             |   |
|                               |             | \$ | 213,493 |       |             |   |

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|                            |         |              |    |           |             |                |    |            | Fair V         | alue  |      |
|----------------------------|---------|--------------|----|-----------|-------------|----------------|----|------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Financial commodity name   | C       | CI / :       |    | oar value | 77 1        | T              |    | Cost of    | Unit price     | T . 1 | 3.7  |
|                            | Summary | Shares/units | (  | (dollars) | <br>Total   | Interest rate  | a  | cquisition | (dollars)      | Total | Note |
| Hannlync Technologies Inc. |         | 400,000      | \$ | 10        | \$<br>4,000 | not applicable | \$ | 9,570      | not applicable | -     |      |
| Add: evaluation adjustment |         |              |    |           |             |                | (  | 9,570)     |                |       |      |
|                            |         |              |    |           |             |                | \$ |            |                |       |      |

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Statement 5

|                                | Balance, January 1,<br>2022          | Additions (Note2) | Decrease                      |                                   | Balance,  | , December 31,       |                  | Market Value<br>Assets Va |                  |                      |            |        |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------|--------|
| Investees                      | Shares Amount                        | Shares Amount     | Shares Amount                 | Investment<br>gains and<br>losses | Shares    | Ownership<br>Ratio A | Amount           |                           | Total<br>mount   | Basis of evaluation  | Collateral | Note   |
| CITY INC.                      | 500,000 \$ 1,590                     | 200,000 \$ 6,006  | - \$                          | \$ 528)                           | 700,000   | 100%                 | 7,068 \$         | 10.10 \$                  | 7,068            | Equity method Equity | None       | Note 1 |
| Opent System Co.,Ltd.<br>Total | 3,000,000 <u>31,234</u><br>\$ 32,824 | \$ 6,006          | - <u>- (</u><br><u>\$ - (</u> | 732)<br>\$ 1,260)                 | 3,000,000 | 100%                 | 30,502<br>37,570 | 10.17                     | 30,502<br>37,570 | method               | None       |        |

Note 1: The difference between the balance at the end of the period and the net equity value was due to deduction for CITY INC. holds the company's shares, which is treated as treasury stock amount to \$5,881.

Note 2: It included additions in the current period and distribution of dividends to subsidiaries adjusted capital reserves.

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|                          | В  | alance, January |           |     |          | $\mathbf{B}$ | alance, December |        |      |
|--------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------|-----|----------|--------------|------------------|--------|------|
| Item                     |    | 1, 2022         | Additions |     | Decrease |              | 31, 2022         | Remark | Note |
| Machinery and equipment  | \$ | 309             | \$<br>195 | (\$ | 165)     | \$           | 339              | None   |      |
| Test equipment           |    | 3,062           | 395       | (   | 389)     |              | 3,068            | None   |      |
| Transportation equipment |    | 2,238           | -         |     | -        |              | 2,238            | None   |      |
| Office equipment         |    | 811             | 253       | (   | 316)     |              | 748              | None   |      |
| Leased improvement       |    | 1,882           | -         | (   | 101)     |              | 1,781            | None   |      |
|                          | \$ | 8,302           | \$<br>843 | (\$ | 971)     | \$           | 8,174            |        |      |

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION OF FIXED ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item                     | Balance | , January 1, 2022 | <br>Additions |     | Decrease | Balance, I | December 31, 2022 | Note |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|-----|----------|------------|-------------------|------|
| Machinery and equipment  | \$      | 178               | \$<br>103     | (\$ | 165)     | \$         | 116               |      |
| Test equipment           |         | 1,414             | 569           | (   | 389)     |            | 1,594             |      |
| Transportation equipment |         | 1,922             | 152           |     | -        |            | 2,074             |      |
| Office equipment         |         | 478               | 120           | (   | 316)     |            | 282               |      |
| Leased improvement       |         | 1,096             | <br>178       | (   | 101)     |            | 1,173             |      |
|                          | \$      | 5,088             | \$<br>1,122   | (\$ | 971 )    | \$         | 5,239             |      |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Vendor Name                   | Description | A  | mount  | Remark                    |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----|--------|---------------------------|
| General Vendor                |             |    |        |                           |
| WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. |             | \$ | 18,949 |                           |
| 1535                          |             |    | 13,785 |                           |
| HORNG JIH CABLE WIRE          |             |    |        |                           |
| ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.          |             |    | 8,935  |                           |
| PRORAX CO., LTD.              |             |    | 7,245  |                           |
|                               |             |    |        | The amount of individual  |
|                               |             |    |        | vendor in others does not |
|                               |             |    |        | exceed 5% of the account  |
| Others                        |             |    | 36,096 | balance.                  |
|                               |             | \$ | 85,010 |                           |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item  | Unit    | <br>Amount    | Remark |
|---|---------|---------------|--------|
| Access network equipment and broadband products | 118,869 | \$<br>378,643 |        |
| Transmission equipment                          | 1,359   | 34,703        |        |
| Others  |         | 59,255        |        |
|   |         | \$<br>472,601 |        |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OPERATING COST FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item                                    | A  | Amount   |
|---|----|----------|
| Raw materials, beginning of year        | \$ | 77,146   |
| Add: Raw material purchased             |    | 158,860  |
| Less: Raw materials, end of year        | (  | 89,140)  |
| Transfer to expenses                    | (  | 844)     |
| Sales of raw materials                  | (  | 38,990)  |
| Raw materials used                      |    | 107,032  |
| Direct labor                            |    | 9,407    |
| Manufacturing expenses                  |    | 30,043   |
| Manufacturing cost for the year         |    | 146,482  |
| Add: Work in process, beginning of year |    | 36,273   |
| Less: Work in process, end of year      | (  | 31,368)  |
| Cost of finished goods                  |    | 151,387  |
| Finished goods, beginning of year       |    | 160,173  |
| Add: Finished goods purchased           |    | 89,408   |
| Less: Finished goods, end of year       | (  | 107,926) |
| Loss on physical of finished goods      |    | 26       |
| Transfer to expenses                    | (  | 1,952)   |
| Cost of goods sold                      |    | 291,116  |
| Reversal of decline in market value     | (  | 10,895)  |
| Contract loss                           |    | 12,388   |
| Other operating cost-Raw materials sold |    | 38,990   |
| -Loss on physical inventory count       | (  | 26       |
| Operating cost                          | \$ | 331,573  |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF MANUFACTURING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item                       | Description | Amount |                 | Remark   |  |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------------|--|--|
| Processing expense         |             | \$     | 9,694           |  |  |
| Warranty expense           |             |        | 7,273           |  |  |
| Depreciation charges       |             |        | 3,018           |  |  |
| Salaries and bonus expense |             |        | 2,328           |  |  |
| Insurance expense          |             |        | 1,711           |  |  |
|                            |             |        |                 | The amount of each item included in others does not exceed 5% of the |  |
| Others                     |             | \$     | 6,019<br>30,043 | account balance.   |  |

#### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF SELLING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item   | Description | Amount |                 | Remark  |  |
|--|-------------|--------|-----------------|---|--|
| Salaries and bonus expense<br>Freight expenses |             | \$     | 13,110<br>1,847 |   |  |
| Insurance expense                              |             |        | 1,131           | The emount of each  |  |
| Others   |             |        | 3,294           | The amount of each item included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance. |  |
| Omers  |             | \$     | 19,382          | account balance.  |  |

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item  | Description | ion Amount |                 | Remark   |  |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Salaries and bonus expense<br>Director's remuneration and |             | \$         | 14,837          |  |  |
| traveling expenses  |             |            | 3,170           |  |  |
| Professional service fees                                 |             |            | 1,776           |  |  |
| Depreciation expenses                                     |             |            | 1,691           |  |  |
|   |             |            |                 | The amount of each item included in others does not exceed 5% of the |  |
| Others  |             | \$         | 7,121<br>28,595 | account balance.   |  |

# OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Item   | Description | Amount |                          | Remark   |  |
|--|-------------|--------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Salaries and bonus expense Depreciation expenses Insurance expense |             | \$     | 45,592<br>3,805<br>3,488 |  |  |
| O.I.   |             |        | 7,004                    | The amount of each item included in others does not exceed 5% of the |  |
| Others   |             | \$     | 7,984<br>60,869          | account balance.   |  |

### OPNET TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

|                            | Year ended December 31, 2022 |                    |           | Year ended December 31, 2021 |                    |           |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| Function                   | Classified as                | Classified as      | Total     | Classified as                | Classified as      | Total     |  |
| Nature                     | cost of revenue              | operating expenses | Total     | cost of revenue              | operating expenses | 1 Otal    |  |
| Labor cost                 |                              |                    |           |                              |                    |           |  |
| Wages and salaries         |                              |                    |           |                              |                    |           |  |
| expenses                   | \$ 11,190                    | \$ 70,617          | \$ 81,807 | \$ 11,336                    | \$ 69,828          | \$ 81,164 |  |
| Labor and health insurance | 1,565                        | 5,226              | 6,791     | 1,355                        | 5,146              | 6,501     |  |
| Pension                    | 545                          | 2,922              | 3,467     | 522                          | 2,848              | 3,370     |  |
| Directors remuneration     | -                            | 3,170              | 3,170     | -                            | 4,750              | 4,750     |  |
| Other employee benefit     |                              |                    |           |                              |                    |           |  |
| expense                    | 687                          | 2,423              | 3,110     | 670                          | 2,564              | 3,234     |  |
| Depreciation charges       | 3,018                        | 6,018              | 9,036     | 3,008                        | 6,126              | 9,134     |  |
| Amortization charges       | -                            | 147                | 147       | -                            | 184                | 184       |  |

- 1. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the company had 87 and 85 employees, respectively and the number of directors who have not served as employees are 4 and 4 respectively.
- 2. Listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei exchange companies, please disclosure below information:
  - (1) Average labor cost for the year ended December 31, 2022 was NT\$1,147 Average labor cost for the year ended December 31, 2021 was NT\$1,164
  - (2) Average salary and bonus for the year ended December 31, 2022 was NT\$986 Average salary and bonus for the year ended December 31, 2021 was NT\$1,002
  - (3) Average salary and bonus decreased by 1.60% year over year.
  - (4) The company has established an audit committee, so there is no supervisor's remuneration.

#### (5) The principles of remuneration policy

- Director: The remuneration of the directors of the company includes fixed remuneration, travel expenses, and according to the company's articles of association, if there is any profit in the year, except for reservations in advance to make up for accumulated losses, no more than 3% should be appropriated as director remuneration; the payment is reviewed by the remuneration committee, then submitted to the board of directors for resolution.
- Manager: According to the relevance and contribution of risks assumed by positions and relative positions, and measure the company's annual operating performance, after agreed by the Remuneration Committee, it is submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution.
- Employee: Regularly measure the market salary level and consider with reference of the peers; according to the company's articles of association, if there is any profit in the year, it should be reserved in advance to make up for the accumulated losses, and 3% to 15% should be allocated as employee remuneration. The payment shall be submitted to the board of directors for resolution after agreed by the remuneration committee.